

**End Semester/Reappear (Semester III) Examination December 2022**

**Programme: BALLB**  
**Course: Law of Crimes I**  
**Course Code: 24D.103**  
**Enrollment No: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Full Marks: 70**  
**Time: 3 Hrs.**

**Section I**

**1. Short Answer type questions. Answer any four.**

**4 x 5 = 20**

- How do you define crime under IPC?
- Differentiate between section 82 and 83 of IPC.
- What are the elements needed to charge a person with criminal conspiracy?
- Compare between deterrent and preventive punishment.
- What is the essential element of mens rea ?
- What are the elements needed to charge a person with criminal conspiracy?.

**Section II**

**Long Answer type questions. Answer any three.**

**3 x 10 = 30**

- Discuss the right of private defense. When does it extend to causing death while defending the body?
- A instigated B to murder C. B in pursuance of the instigation stabs C. C recovers from the wound. What is the liability of 'A'?
- Explain types of punishments to which offenders are liable under IPC with special reference to death sentence.
- Discuss the right of private defense. When does it extend to causing death while defending the body?
- Discuss the liability of persons for the acts done in furtherance of common intention of all the persons.

**Section III**

**Application based questions. Answer any one.**

**1 x 20 = 20**

- P, Q and R had a common intention to rob S. While P and Q entered into the house of S and beat and robbed him, R stood outside to warn P and Q of any danger. On being prosecuted along with P and Q, R pleaded that neither did he commit the robbery nor cause injuries to S nor hence was not guilty. Advice.
- "A" a surgeon, in good faith communicates to a patient his opinion that he cannot live. The patient dies in consequence of the shock. Is the surgeon liable for it?
- A, a police officer fires on a mob by the order of his superior officer in conformity with the commands of law. Decide whether "A" has committed any offence

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